

J.Z.Shah Arts & H.P.Desai Commerce College, Amroli-Surat

Internal Test - 2016

T.Y.B.Com. - Sem 5 – English Medium

Foundation Course in English: Language through Literature

Date : 28/09/2016

Time : 11:00 to 01:00

Roll No.

Total Marks: 50

Instruction: Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Indicate your options clearly.

1. Answer briefly: (Any Five)

(10)

- i. Why does analogy of Pin-making serve to show the deficiency of Capitalism?
 - ii. How did Jimmy Valentine manage to get out of jail without the serving rule term?
 - iii. What are the two 'liberties' that need to be presented in 'On the Rule of the Road'?
 - iv. Why is the School boy referred to as 'Creeping like snail'?
 - v. What did knight see in his dream? With the reference of the poem 'La Bella Dame Sans Merci'?
 - vi. How does Elizabeth Barrett Browning characterize 'purity' of her love?
 - vii. Why did Jimmy Valentine 'declare' at the reception desk of the Planters' Hotel?
- 2. a. Discuss the poem 'La Bella Dame Sans Merci' is about the joyous and sad aspects of love.**

(13)

OR

2. b. How does G. B. Shaw prove that the Capitalist system has produced and almost universal ignorance about how things are made and done?

(13)

3. a. A Questionnaire on Economic condition of working Woman

(13)

OR

3. b. A Questionnaire on Importance of Sports.

(13)

4. a. Write a paragraph on any one of the following:

(07)

- i. Brexit and its influence on India.
- ii. Save girl child and Educate her

4. b. Do as directed. (Any Seven)

(07)

i. Ferid found the house.

(Change into a Yes/No question)

ii. The nurses decorated the ward with flowers and Balloons to make it look bright and cheerful.

(Frame a 'Wh' question to get the underline information as the answer)

iii. The moon can be seen through the clouds.

(Change into a Negative sentence)

iv. You may leave the class now.

(Change into Imperative sentence)

v. Will sanjay lend us his dictionary?

(Change into a Declarative sentence)

vi. It is not dark.

(Add a question tag)

vii. It is a wonderful performance.

(Change into a Exclamatory sentence)

viii. Kiran plays the Sitar.

(Change into a Interrogative sentence)

===== Best of Luck =====

J Z SHAH ARTS & H P DESAI COMMERCE COLLEGE, AMROLI

INTERNAL TEST Sept.-2016

B.COM Sem – V (Eng. Med.)

M. IAW.

Date: 26/09 /2016

Seat No-----

Time: 11.00 To 1.00

Total Marks-**50**

Note : Answer as per provision of Indian Contract Act.

Q-1 Answer in Brief (any Five)

(10)

- (1) Who is a consumer & Who is not a Consumer ?
 - (2) Define agency Explain different methods of creation of Agency.
 - (3) Explain particular Lien & general lien
 - (4) What do you mean by Maintenance & champerty
 - (5) What is Executed & Executory contract.
 - (6) Maintenance and Champerty
2. (a) Define offer Discuss the essential factors of the acceptance (07)
 - (b) 'The contract opposed to public policy is illegal' Discuss this Statement (06)

OR

2. (a) Define Consideration and discuss the essential elements of consideration (07)
- (b) Give a list of void agreements "Agreements restrain marriage is void" Explain (06)
this statement with exceptions
3. (a) Stat in brief the provision of the contract Act. relating to the time and place (07)
of performance of the contact.
- (b) Describe the remedies against breach of contract under the contract Act. (07)

OR

3. (a) Distinguish between a Contract of guarantee & Contract of indemnity (07)
- (b) Define Bailment , Bailor and Bailee . Discuss the rights of Bailor. (07)

OR

3. (a) Define Agency. Discuss the duties of Agent towards Principal. (07)
- (b) Short note : Central Consumer protection council (06)
4. (a) Define Agency. In which circumstances agency is terminated ? (07)
- (b) State the difference between fraud & misrepresentation (06)

OR

4. (a) In which circumstances party is discharged from the contract by impossibility ?(07)
- (b) Short Note : UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICE (06)

Best of Luck

J Z SHAH ARTS & H P DESAI COMMERCE COLLEGE, AMROLI

INTERNAL TEST Sept.-2016

B.COM Sem - V (Eng. Med.)

Indian Economy : Planning and Policy

Date: 24/09 /2016

Seat No-----

Time: 11.00 To 1.00

Total Marks-50

Q-1 Answer the following question in short : (08)

- (1) State the objectives of the eleventh five year plan.
 - (2) What is human development Index ? Give the formula to Calculate it.
 - (3) List the names of industries which create Pollution.
 - (4) What is Industrial Policy ?
2. (a) Evaluation of the Twelfth plan. (07)
- (b) Discuss the failures of Indian economic Planning. (07)

OR

2. Discuss the sectoral changes occurred in Indian economy during the planning period. (14)
3. (a) Discuss the characteristics of changes occurred in India's industrial development during the planning period. (07)
- (b) Discuss the effects of Industrial Pollution in India. (07)

OR

3. (a) Discuss the problems of public sector enterprises in India. (07)
- (b) Discuss the importance and problems of small scale industries in India. (07)
4. Write short note : (any **Two**) (14)
- (1) Objectives of Indian economic planning.
 - (2) Fourteenth Finance commission
 - (3) Trend of human development in India
 - (4) New Industrial policy

#####

Date : 29/09/2016

Marks : 50

Time :11.00 TO 1.00

Seat No.....

1. (a) What is Teeing and Landing ? (08)
(b) What is wasting assets ?
(c) What do you mean by Vouching ?
(d) Explain the Error of principle with illustration.
 2. (a) "Accountancy is necessity which auditing is a luxury " Discuss this Statement. (08)
(b) " Vouching is backbone of auditing" Explain above statement. (07)
- OR**
2. (a) How will you vouch the following ? (08)
(i) Income tax refund (ii) Expenses of technical Know-how
(b) Distinguish between Internal audit and Statutory audit ? (08)
 3. (a) An auditor is not a valuer though he is intimately connected with the value (08)
Explain this Statement.
(b) State the difference between verification and Valuation. (07)
- OR**
3. (a) State various types of errors. Discuss in detail the errors affecting trial balance. (08)
(b) State the difference between Accountancy and auditing. (07)
 4. Write short notes (any three) (12)
(1) Performa of voucher
(2) Auditors working papers
(3) Audit note book
(4) Social audit
(5) Environmental audit.

@@@@@

Date : 27/09/2016

Marks : 50

Time :11.00 TO 1.00

Seat No.....

Instruction : (i) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

(ii) Figures to right hand side shows full marks of question.

1. Write answer of the following (08)

(1) When 10,000 units produced , cost per unit comes out Rs.3. When 20,000 units produced cost per unit comes out Rs. 2.50. Find out per unit Variable expenses and total Fixed cost.

(2) Current Ratio 2.5 : 1, Liquid Ratio = 1.75 : 1, stock Rs. 1,50,000, calculate Net Working capital and Liquid Assets.

(3) (a) Which of the following in not included in the Liquidity ratio ?

(i) Current Ratio (ii) Liquid Ratio (iii) Debt – Equity Ratio (iv) Quick Ratio.

(b) ----- is not a profitability Ratio.

(i) operating ratio (ii) Expenses ratio (iii) stock turnover

(iv) Return on capital employed.

(4) From the following details of x Ltd. Find out the cash received for cash Budget of October month.

Month	Total Sales (Rs.)
July	6,00,000
August	7,00,000
September	8,00,000
October	9,00,000

Cash sale is 30% of total sales. 50% amount of credit sale is received in next month of selling , 40% amount in the second month and 10% amount in the third month of selling.

2. The Following particulars are available from the records of a manufacturing Company for Levels activity. (15)

Particulars	Level of Activity	
	60%	100%
Cost of direct materials	9,000	15,000
Direct wages	6,000	10,000
Indirect wages	3,000	5,000
Repairs & Maintenance	6,500	9,500
Power & Fuel	3,750	5,750
Rent	12,000	12,000
Depreciation	10,000	10,000
Insurance	6,000	6,000
Administrative overheads	10,000	14,000
Selling overheads	6,000	8,000

/..2../

Total production at 100% capacity is 5000 units prepare a Flexible Budget at 70% and 90% capacity.

OR

2. From the following information of the Patel Co. Ltd., prepare cash budget for the three month from October -2016 to December – 2016 (15)

Months	Sales Rs.	Closing stock Rs.	Total overhead expenses Rs.
August- 2016	1,60,000	20,000	24,000
September	2,00,000	30,000	30,000
October	2,40,000	50,000	40,000
November	3,20,000	60,000	36,000
December	2,80,000	55,000	40,000
January-2017	3,00,000	50,000	30,000

Additional information :

- (1) on 1.10.2016 Bank Balance will Rs. 1,00,000.
 - (2) Goods are sold at profit of $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ on cost price.
 - (3) Purchases are made from cash.
 - (4) Cash sales are 40% of the total sales. 50% of credit sales are collected in the month after sales and remaining sales are collected in the second month after sales.
 - (5) Total overhead expenses include monthly Fixed overhead expenses of Rs. 10,000, Which is paid in the same month. Variable overhead expenses are paid in the subsequent month.
 - (6) An old machine is to be sold For Rs. 60,000 in November 2016.
 - (7) A new machine is to be purchased for Rs.1,00,000 in November 2016, the Payment of which is made 80% against delivery and the remaining amount in the subsequent month.
 - (8) Income – tax is to be paid for Rs. 20,000 in November 2016
3. Following is profit and Loss account and Balance sheet of X Ltd. calculate the following Ratios : (15)
- (1) Gross profit ratio
 - (2) Net profit ratio
 - (3) Current ratio
 - (4) Debt- Equity ratio
 - (5) Stock turnover ratio
 - (6) Liquidity ratio.

Profit and Loss Account

Opening stock of raw materials	50,000	Sales	10,00,000
Opening stock of Finished goods	1,00,000	Closing stock of raw materials	1,50,000
Purchase of Raw materials.	3,00,000	Closing stock of finished goods	1,00,000
Direct wages .	2,00,000	Profit on sale of shares	50,000
Manufacture Exp.	1,00,000		
Office Exp.	50,000		
Selling Exp.	50,000		
Loss on sale of plant	55,000		
Interest on Debenture	10,000		
Net profit	3,85,000		
	-----		-----
	13,00,000		13,00,000

/..3../

Balance sheet

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity share capital	1,00,000	Fixed Assets	2,50,000
Pref. share capital	1,00,000	Stock of raw Materials	1,50,000
Reserves	1,00,000	Stock of finished goods	1,00,000
Debentures	2,00,000	Debtors	1,00,000
Creditors	1,00,000	Bank	50,000
Bills payable	50,000		
	-----		-----
	6,50,000		6,50,000

OR

3. (A) Explain the difference between Management Accounting and financial Accountancy. (09)
- (B) Advantages of cash Budget. (06)
4. Write short note (any three) (12)
- (1) Limitations of Budgetary control
 - (2) Zero-base Budgeting
 - (3) Advantages of Responsibility Accounting
 - (4) Advantages of Ratio Analysis
 - (5) Common – size statements.

@@@@@@

D; 30 \09 \2016

TWO HRS

50 MARKS

1) All answers are compulsory.

2) Right side number shows marks for each quest.

- Que:1 WRITE THE FOLLOWING ANSWERS: (10)
- (1) What is IFCI?
 - (2) What is Lead Bank Scheme?
 - (3) What is NBFC ?
 - (4) Which are the aims of EXIM Bank?
 - (5) What is RIDF?
- Que:2(a) Explain the recent reforms in Indian banking sector. (07)
- (b) State the development of Indian Commercial Banks during the Planning period. (07)
- [OR]
- Que:2 (a)What is Deposit Insurance Scheme? Write a short note on it. (07)
- (b) State the meaning , function and progress of Lead Bank. (07)
- Que:3 (a) Evaluate the functions of State Bank Of India. ? (07)
- (b) What is multinational bank? Examine the performance of Indian Banks functioning abroad and state the main constraints. (07)
- [OR]
- Que:3 What is NABARD? Evaluate the functions of NABARD. (14)
- Que:4 WRITE SHORT NOTES: (Any three) (12)
- [1] IDBI.
 - [2] State Bank Of India's Organization.
 - [3] Advances in priority Sector.
 - [4] Weakness Of Commercial bank in India.

@@@@@

J Z SHAH ARTS & H P DESAI COMMERCE COLLEGE, AMROLI

INTERNAL TEST SEM- V 2016-17

T.Y.B.COM (Eng. Med.)

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION-5

Date: 23/09/2016

Seat No-----

Time: 11.00 To 1.00

Total Marks-50

Q-1 Answer in Short. (10)

1. What is financial planning?
2. What is watered Capital?
3. State components of NRI funds
4. What is social responsibility?
5. State the characteristics of an ideal filing.

Q-2 Define Financial Management and explain its functions in detail (12)

OR

(A) Discuss the factors affecting financial planning (06)

(B) Discuss the various methods for capitalization (06)

Q-3 Discuss arguments in for and against social responsibilities of business (12)

OR

(A) Define office management and Explain its importance (06)

(B) Write note on Centralized Correspondence (06)

Q-4 Answer Any one (08)

1. What is Capital Structure? Explain factors affecting it
2. Discuss the types of working capital

Balance Sheet of Misfortune Ltd. As on 31-3-2015 is as under

Capital	Amt.	Assets	Amt.
Equity Share Capital (Rs. 100 each)	5,00,000	Goodwill	50,000
Reserve & Surplus	2,85,000	Land & Building	3,50,000
P & L A/c	35,000	Machinery	2,25,000
12% Debenture	3,00,000	Furniture	2,20,000
10% Bank loan	2,00,000	Patent Rights	2,00,000
Creditors	1,00,000	Stock	1,50,000
		Cash & Bank	1,80,000
		Fictitious Assets	45,000
	14,20,000		14,20,000

The Company has earned a profit of Rs. 25,000, Rs. 30,000 and Rs. 32,000 during the year 2012, 2013, 2014 respectively, which was distributed among share holders. In the year 2015, the company earned profit of Rs. 35,000 but has not declared dividend. The shareholders expect 10% fare return on its investment. The marketing price of the land and building and machinery were Rs. 3,00,000 and Rs. 2,50,000 respectively. At present the value of patent is zero.

1. What problem either over-capitalization or under-capitalization is involve in the above case. Why?
2. State the remedial action for the situation.
3. What will be the situation if company earns the profit of Rs.1,00,000?

@ @ @ @ @

J. Z. Shah Arts & H. P. Desai Commerce College, Amroli
Internal Test - 2016
B.Com. Sem.-V
Statistics - 7

Date : 30/09/2016

Marks : 50

Time :11.00 TO 1.00

Seat No.....

1. Answer the Following questions briefly : (10)

- (1) For a random sample of size 8, $\sum x^2 = 50$ and $\sum x = 2$ To Test the hypothesis that Population sd is 3, find the proper statistic.
- (2) The correlation co-efficient of a random sample of 19 pairs is 0.5720. Find The value of Z, and its standard error.
- (3) For a random sample of size 10, $\bar{x} = 19$ and standard deviation = 4.626. Find 95% Confidence limit for population mean.
- (4) What is inadmissible act? find inadmissible act from the following pay off matrix.

events	act				
	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₄	A ₅
E ₁	6	8	5	4	7
E ₂	7	5	8	10	9
E ₃	13	10	12	9	15
E ₄	19	13	15	11	18

(5) Give definition of Z – transformation

2. (a) Following data give the output per day of 3 workers using 4 different machines. (07)

Workers	Machine			
	1	2	3	4
1	10	6	12	14
2	10	12	20	21
3	4	10	13	18

Test the difference between work done by the workers and difference between machines using analysis of variance.

(b) Conditions of child in two towns are given in following table, do chi-square (07)

Test for the independence of the data.

A \ B	A		Total
	Clean	Dirty	
Clean	70	50	120
Fairly clean	80	20	100
Dirty	35	45	80
Total	185	115	300

/..2../

OR

2.(a) A survey of 320 families with 5 children each revealed the following distribution. (05)

No. of boys	5	4	3	2	1	0
No. of girls	0	1	2	3	4	5
No. of Families	14	56	110	88	40	12

Is the data consistent with hypothesis that male and female births are equally probable?

(b) A group of seven week old chickens reared on a high protein diet weigh 12,15,11, 16,14,14 and 16 ounces ., a second group of five chickens similarly treated except that they receive a low protein diet weigh 8,10,14,10 and 13 ounces. Test at 5% level of significance whether there is significant evidence that additional protein has on average increased the weight of chickens. (05)

(c) For the data given below , test whether the Variances of both populations are equal (04) or not :

	Sample size	Mean	$\Sigma(x_i - \bar{x})^2$
Sample - 1	10	50	144
Sample - 2	13	52	264

3.(a) A producer of boats has estimated the following distribution of demand for boats. (08)

No. of demand	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
probability	0.14	0.27	0.27	0.18	0.09	0.04	0.01

Each boat costs him Rs. 7,000 and he sells for Rs. 10,000 each. Any left unsold at the end of a season must be disposed for Rs. 6000 each How many should he stock so as to maximise his expected pay off ? Also find EVPI Value.

(b) From the following pay off matrix state the best act according to the following rule. (06)

(i) Maxi – max (ii) max – min (iii) Laplace (iv) Hurwitz rule ($\alpha = 0.6$)

(v) Min – max regret table rule.

Act	Event			
	E ₁	E ₂	E ₃	E ₄
A	10	2	-8	8
B	-2	14	20	0
C	16	8	2	10

/..3../

/.3./

OR

3. (a) A bakery sells cream roll at a price of Rs.8 a dozen. Its production cost is Rs.4.50 (08) a dozen. Excess cream roll is sold at the price rate of Rs. 2.50 at the end of the day Administrative expense is Rs. 1.25 per dozen cream roll. The probability distribution of daily demand of cream roll is given as below.

Demand(dozen)	1	2	3	4
Probability	0.15	0.20	0.5	0.15

From these data determine how many dozen Cream rolls should be produced using EOL Criterion. Also if max EMV = 4 then find EVPI value.

- (b) Eleven school boys were given a test in one subject. They were given a month's (06) further tuition and a second test of equal difficulty was held at the end of it. Do the data indicate that students have been benefited by extra coaching ?

Marks in 1 st Test	23	20	19	21	18	20	18	17	23	16	19
Marks in 2 nd Test	24	19	22	18	20	22	20	20	23	20	17

4. Explain in Detail (**Any three**) (12)

- (1) Explain (i) EMV (ii) EOL
- (2) Explain the test of significance of difference between two sample mean.
- (3) Explain Goodness of fit.
- (4) Explain variance ratio Test.
- (5) Explain various rules for making decision under uncertainty.

@@@@@