

INDIAN BANKING AND CURRENCY SYSTEM

Date: 07/03/2019

Time: 11.00 To 1.00

Seat No-----

Total Marks-**50**

Q-1 Answer in Short. [10]

1. When was the RBI established and when was it nationalized?
2. What is bank rate?
3. What is call money market?
4. What is floating rate of exchange?
5. What is Repo rate and Reserve Repo rate?

Q-2 (a) Explain the qualitative credit control of RBI. [07]

(b) Explain the limitations of the RBI's functions. [07]

OR

Q-2 Explain importance and objectives of Monetary Policy of RBI. [14]

Q-3 (a) Compare minimum Reserve System and Proportional Reserve System. [07]

(b) Discuss the demonetization of Currency note in India. [07]

OR

Q-3 (a) Explain objectives of the exchange rate policy of RBI. [07]

(b) Describe the working of Discount and Finance House of India. [07]

Q-4 Write short notes: (any two) [12]

- (1) Deficiencies of Indian Money Market.
- (2) Payment Bank .
- (3) Cash reserve ratio.
- (4) Benefits of Cheque Truncation System(CTS)

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GIA – B.A. / B.Com./ M.A./M.Com.
SFI – B.B.A. / B.C.A./ B.Com.
Additional SFI Division (Women's) B.Com.
Internal Test- March- 2019
T.Y.B.Com.- Sem- VI –English Medium
Sub: Indian Economy: Recent Trends

Date:- 01-03-2019

Time:- 11.00 TO 1.00

Seat No:-

Total Marks:-50

1. Answer the following question in brief : (10)
 1. What is Kisan credit card ?
 2. Indicate the reasons of the development of service sector in India.
 3. State the objectives of tax policy India.
 4. State the reasons of poverty.
 5. Clarify the objectives of world trade organization.
2. (a) Discuss the defects of marketing system of agricultural produce in India. (06)
(b) Elaborate the various factors responsible for low agricultural productivity in India. (07)

OR

2. Describe the performance of the national bank for agriculture and rural development. Evaluate its performance. (13)
3. (a) Explain the foreign Investment in the service sector. (06)
(b) Discuss the characteristic of tax-structure in India. (07)

OR

3. (a) Discuss the reasons for the generation of black money in India. (06)
(b) Explain the Strategy of Poverty Alleviation. (07)
4. Write the short note: (any **two**) (14)
 1. Regulated Market
 2. 2015-2020 New foreign trade policy
 3. Disadvantages of the membership of India in the world trade organisation
 4. Causes of unemployment.

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 Internal Test- March- 2019
T.Y.B.Com.- Sem- VI –English Medium
 Ad. A/C & Auditing – VIII

Date:- 02 -03-2019

Seat No:-

Time:- 11.00 TO 1.00

Total Marks:-50

Instructions : (1) Fig. to the right indicate full marks of the question.

(2) Show necessary working.

1. Give answer of the following. (08)

(1) when 10,000 units produced, cost of per unit comes out Rs. 3.00. When 20,000 units produced cost per unit comes out Rs 2.50. Find out per unit Variable expenses and total fixed cost. (03)

(2) From the following details of x Ltd. Find out the cash received for cash budget of October month. (03)

Month	Total Sales (Rs)
July	6,00,000
August	7,00,000
September	8,00,000
October	9,00,000

Cash Sale is 30% of total sales. 50% amount of Credit sale is received in next month of selling, 40% amount in the second month and 10% amount in the third Month of selling.

(3) A company has a margin of safety at 20% and earn a profit of Rs. 4,00,000. If its contribution, sales ratio is 0.4 calculate its current sales and fixed cost. (02)

2. The following particulars are available from the records of a manufacturing company for levels activity. (15)

Particulars	Level of Activity	
	60%	100%
Cost of direct materials	9,000	15,000
Direct wages	6,000	10,000
Indirect wages	3,000	5,000
Repairs & Maintenance	6,500	9,500
Power & Fule	3,750	5,750
Rent	12,000	12,000
Depreciation	10,000	10,000
Insurance	6,000	6,000
Administrative overheads	10,000	14,000
Selling overheads	6,000	8,000

Total production at 100% capacity is 5000 units prepare a flexible Budget at 70% and 90% capacity.

OR

2. From the following information of the Patel Co. Ltd., prepare cash budget for (15)
the three month from October – 2019 to December - 2019

Months	Sales Rs.	Closing stock Rs.	Total overhead expenses Rs.
August – 2019	1,60,000	20,000	24,000
September	2,00,000	30,000	30,000
October	2,40,000	50,000	40,000
November	3,20,000	60,000	36,000
December	2,80,000	55,000	40,000
January - 2020	3,00,000	50,000	30,000

Additional information:

- (1) on 1.10.2019 Bank Balance will Rs. 1,00,000.
- (2) Goods are sold at profit of $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ on cost price.
- (3) Purchases are made from cash.
- (4) Cash sales are 40% of the total sales. 50% of credit sales are collected in the month after sales and remaining sales are collected in the second month after sales.
- (5) Total overhead expenses include monthly fixed overhead expenses of Rs. 10,000 Which is paid in the same month. Variable overhead expenses are paid in the subsequent month.
- (6) An old machine is to be sold For Rs. 60,000 in November 2019.
- (7) A new machine is to be purchased for Rs. 1,00,000. In November 2019, the payment of which is made 80% against delivery and the remaining amount in the subsequent month.
- (8) Income – tax is to be paid for Rs. 20,000 in November 2019

3. Meghavi limited provides you the following information for the year ending on (15)
31-3-2019

Profit volume ratio : 60%

Rate of profit on sales : 30%

Cost amount as on present sale : 28,00,000

Calculate:-

- (1) Sale at break even point.
- (2) Profit or loss at the sales of Rs. 50,00,000
- (3) Profit or loss at the sales of Rs. 15,00,000
- (4) Compute the following when present selling price is to be decreased by 20%
 - (a) New profit volume ratio
 - (b) Sale amount to maintain the present profit.

(5) Even if the selling price is to be increased by 25%, variable cost are increased by 25% and fixed cost are increased by $33\frac{1}{3}\%$, find out sales amount required to maintain the present profit.

(6) Find out a Margin of safety in Rs. At a profit of Rs. 6,00,000 and Margin of safety in percentage

OR

3. (a) Explain usefulness of computers in accounting (08)

(b) Explain meaning of cost of capital? Explain its importance (07)

4. Write short note (any **three**) (12)

(1) Limitations of Budgetary control

(2) Zero base Budgetary control

(3) Advantages of responsibility accounting

(4) Advantages and disadvantages of Break – even Analysis

(5) Types of Budgets.

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Additional SFI Division (Women’s) B.Com.
Internal Test- March- 2019
T.Y.B.Com.- Sem- VI –English Medium
Sub:- Ad. A/C & Auditing – VII

Date:- 06-03-2019

Seat No:-

Time:- 11.00 TO 1.00

Total Marks:-50

1. Answer in brief: (10)
- (a) What is Divisible Profit.
 - (b) State the objectives of Tax Audit.
 - (c) What is Capital Profit? Give illustration.
 - (d) State the characteristics of Bank audit.
 - (e) State the disqualifications of a company auditor.
2. (a) Discuss duties of Company auditor as per Companies act 2013. (07)
- (b) State the difference between financial audit and cost audit. (07)
- OR**
2. (a) Clarify the difference between Management Audit and Statutory Audit. (07)
- (b) Prepare audit programme of Amroli college. (07)
3. (a) Give specimen of from no 3CD. (07)
- (b) Discuss in detail about dividend. (07)
- OR**
3. (a) How will you investigate in case of suspected fraud in business ? (07)
- (b) Discuss Auditor’s Liabilities. (07)
4. Write short notes (any **three**) (12)
- (1) EDP Audit.
 - (2) Techniques of Management audit.
 - (3) Provisions of section 44 AB relating to tax audit.
 - (4) Advantages of Cost Audit
 - (5) Qualified auditors report.
 - (6) Internal Audit.

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Internal Test- March- 2019
T.Y.B.Com.- Sem- VI –English Medium
BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION-6

Date: 27/02/2019

Time: 11.00 To 1.00

Seat No-----

Total Marks-50

Q-1 Answer in Short.

10

1. Explain the meaning of material.
2. Give definition and equation of Productivity.
3. State the stages of process of Production Control.
4. State the characteristics of Quality Management
5. What is bill of lading?

Q-2

- A. Explain the scope of material management
- B. Define centralized method for purchasing and discuss its advantages and disadvantages

07

07

OR

- A. Define sound purchasing and discuss its importance
- B. Discuss the importance of inventory control

07

07

Q-3

- A. Define production management and explain its scope
- B. Explain the factors affecting the selection of plant location relating to manufacturing

06

07

OR

- A. Discuss the functions of production planning
- B. Explain in detail the advantages of production control

06

07

Q-4

- A. Write Short note (**any one**)
 1. Kaizen and Kairyo – as methods of quality management
 2. Discuss the stages of Export Procedure

06

B. Case Study

Recently Mr. G has obtained M.B.A. Degree. He is hard working and enthusiastic young man. He is interested in doing business. He wants to start rice mill and pulse mill in South Gujarat. He has sufficient capital to start the mill. He has three alternatives. He seeks your guidance to determine proper alternative.

07

1. In the middle of city there is land of private ownership which is sufficient for rice mill, the price of land is 2500/- per square meter. Here qualified employees are available sufficiently. Facilities are also available for the marketing of finished products. Here material storage problem is an obstacle
2. The other land is in the industrial estate, where there is ready shed constructed by G.I.D.C. if the shed is purchased here, than it is available on installments. Here the price of land is Rs. 600/-. Here the facilities of roads, water and electricity are very good. Here

unskilled workers are easily available. Here big space is also available for the future development.

3. The third location is situated on the national highway, which is 10 km away from the city. Here the price of the land is Rs. 100/- per square meter. Here the sufficient space is available for the future development. Workers are also easily available. Here the irregularity of electricity is seen.

Questions :

1. Which location should Mr. G select ? why?
2. Mention which factors are important for the establishment of Rice and Pulse Mill.

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Internal Test- March- 2019

T.Y.B.Com.- Sem- VI –English Medium
M.LAW

Date : 28-02-2019

Seat No.

Time : 11. to 1.00

Total Marks : 50

Q1. Answer in brief :- (Any **Five**) (10)

1. Explain : Holder – in- due Course
2. State the different modes of Delivery
3. State Types of Goods.
4. State the type of Negotiable Instruments.
5. State the type of Company and Explain one person Company.

Q2. (a) Discuss the rules as to passing of property. (07)

(b) Distinguish between a ‘ Condition’ and ‘ Warranty’. When can a condition are treated as a Warranty. (07)

OR

Q2. (a) Write short Note on Unpaid Seller (08)

(b) ‘Buyer be ware’ – Explain this Statement with its exception. (06)

Q3. (a) What do you mean By MOA ? What are its Contents ? (07)

(b) Write Short Note on – Prospectus. (06)

OR

Q3. (a) Explain the procedure to establish a Company. (07)

(b) Explain the Doctrine of Constructive Notice. (06)

Q4. (a) What is negotiable Instrument and write important characteristics of it ? (07)

(b) Short Note : CIF Contract (06)

OR

Q4. (a) Define Promissory note and explain its essential elements ? (07)

(b) Procedure to change Object clause ? (06)

---Best Of Luck---

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 Internal Test- March- 2019
T.Y.B.Com.- Sem- VI –English Medium
Sub:- Statistics - 9

Date:- 07-03-2019

Time:- 11.00 TO 1.00

Seat No:-

Total Marks:-50

1. Answer the following of questions [10]

(1) From two populations the following two sample are taken, find Mann – Whitney U – statistic

Sample X : 52,54,60,61,62

Sample y : 54,56,62,67

(2) Define convex set

(3) Solve the following Assignment problem

	I	II	III
A	4	2	1
B	5	2	3
C	2	6	7

(4) Find IBFS by matrix minima method

	I	II	Supply
A	10	8	8
B	6	7	12
Demand	15	5	

(5) Find IBFS by Max (min - max) method.

	I	II	Supply
A	1	2	7
B	3	4	3
Demand	6	4	

2. (a) A manufacture wants to produce two types of items P and Q. For [06]

manufacturing these items two machines for grinding and polishing are used. The grinding machine to be used for 8 hours and the polishing machine is to be used for preparing each of P items, while grinding machine is to be used for 5 hours and the polishing machine is to be used for 10 hours for preparing each of Q items. He has 4 grinding machines and 5 polishing machines available for the work. Each grinding machine and polishing machine can be used at the most for 60 hours a week. A profit of Rs. 30 can be earned on each of P items and profit of Rs. 40 can be earned on each of Q items, how many items of P and Q should be manufactured every week so as to earn maximum profit?

/..2../

(b) Solve the following assignment problem for maximization

[04]

	W	X	Y
A	4	16	20
B	8	12	12
C	12	12	12
D	20	4	8

(c) Solve the following method to find IBFS by Vogel's method

[04]

	Market			supply
	D_1	D_2	D_3	
A	5	2	8	150
B	4	3	5	150
C	2	4	-	200
D	6	3	4	250
DEMAND	250	200	175	

OR

2. (a) Solve the following transportation problem by Min (Min – Max) method.

[06]

To find IBFS also check that it is optimum or not

	D_1	D_2	D_3	supply
O_1	28	12	24	20
O_2	16	24	32	40
O_3	20	32	16	28
O_4	32	16	12	12
DEMAND	20	32	40	

(b) Find maximum value of objective function $Z = 18x + 15y$ by graphical method. [04]

Subject to, $-4x - 6y \leq -24$

$-2y + 4x \geq -4$

$-6x + 8y \leq 24$

Where; $0 \leq x \leq 5,$

$y \geq 2,$

$x \geq 0,$

$y \geq 0,$

/..3../

(c) Solve the following Assignment problem

[04]

Machine	A	B	C	D	E
M_1	9	11	15	10	11
M_1	12	9	-	10	7
M_1	-	11	14	11	7
M_1	14	8	12	7	8

3. (a) From the sampling of two populations, following data of observed values is obtained test the hypothesis that both populations have same distribution using Mann – Whitney test: [09]

sample 1	25	30	28	34	24	25	13	32	24	30	31	35	-	-	-
sample 2	44	34	22	8	47	31	40	30	32	35	18	21	35	29	22

- (b) The data of 12 plots each under two treatments are as given below: [05]

Treatment 1	46	45	32	42	39	48	49	30	51	34	37	44
Treatment 2	44	40	59	47	55	50	47	71	43	55	56	68

Test the hypothesis of equality of median response under two treatments by sign test (Use normal distribution)

OR

3. (a) The following two sets of observations were obtained from sampling two populations. Using median test (with χ^2 - distribution) test the hypothesis that two populations possess the same frequency distribution. [09]

sample: 1	62	38	43	79	77	23	11	52	33	41	70	49	69	43	-	-
sample: 2	93	101	72	118	100	45	68	72	47	83	92	106	63	66	85	81

- (b) For the following data, test the hypothesis that both the sample are from same distribution using Wilcoxon signed – rank test [05]

x_i	42.7	50.4	44.2	49.7	49.4	55.3	46.1	47.8	48.7	41.9
y_i	54.2	43.7	34.0	46.1	55.4	58.2	53.4	43.6	57	64.9

4. Answer the following questions in detail (**Any Three**) [12]

- (1) What is O.R. ? write mathematical formulation of linear programming problem.
- (2) What is Assignment problem ? state Hungarian method to solve assignment problem.
- (3) Define transportation problem. Write mathematical formulation of transportation problem.
- (4) Give difference between parametric test and nonparametric tests.
- (5) Write scale methods for nonparametric.

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Internal Test- March- 2019

T.Y.B.Com.- Sem- VI –English Medium
Foundation Course in English: Language through Literature

Date : 05-03-2019

Roll No. _____

Time : 11.00 TO 1.00

Total Marks: 50

Instructions : Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Indicate your options clearly.

1. Answer in brief: (*Any five*) (10)
- According to Lynd, who cannot distinguish between the songs of cuckoos and thrushes?
 - How much time did the giant spend visiting his friend, the Cornish ogre?
 - What excuse did Mathilde give her friend after having lost the necklace?
 - What are the images used by Hardy to describe the month of May?
 - Why did the widow's words make Father Gilligan feel humbled?
 - What, according to the poet Henry Long fellow, is the purpose of our lives?
 - How and when did spring return to the garden?

- 2.a. In what way is ignorance good according to Robert Lynd? (13)

OR

- b. Explain the central idea of the poem *The Ballad of Father Gilligan*. (13)

- 3.a. Draft an application with CV for the post of a gym trainer in college. (13)

OR

- b. Answer the following advertisement (13)

RELIX INTERNATIONAL
A WELL REPUTED ADVERTISING AGENCY
Requires
FRONT DESK OFFICER

Send your application with CV within 10 days to the Director (rin12@gmail.com)

Vesu Road
Surat

-By Order

4. a. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions: (07)

An emoji is a visual representation of an emotion, object or symbol. The first emoji was created in 1999 in Japan by Shigetaka Kurita and it became increasingly popular worldwide in the 2010s after being added to several mobile operating systems. Emojis are used in modern communication apps such as smart phone's text messaging or social networking apps such as Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, and Snapchat. Emoji originally meant pictograph, the word *emoji* comes from Japanese "picture" + *moji* "character". Apps such as Facebook and Snapchat are big on emoticons. Facebook gives the option of adding emoticons to pictures uploaded which are called stickers. Facebook

recently improved the *Like* button by providing new emotions such as Happiness, Laughter, Anger, Sadness, and Love. Emoticons do have a time and place. Overusing them in a conversation can come across as you being insensitive and robotic. Accompanying your words with emoticons can help add emphasis to your words. Of course, emoticons should be limited to casual conversations or the usage should be minimal in business communications. The growing importance of emoji cannot be ignored in our communications. In total there are 2,823 emojis in the Unicode Standard as of June 2018. In 2015, Oxford Dictionaries named the Face with Tears of Joy emoji the Year. The most used emoji in India, and four other countries (Australia, Canada, Germany and Sweden) was the cake/ birthday cake emoji. Is this emoji craze in recent times a bit too much or would you like to see even more? What do you think?

Source:<https://www.groovypost.com/howto/what-are-emojis-how-and-when-to-use-them/>

***Questions:**

1. Define emoji.
2. Which five countries rated face with tears of joy as the word of the year?
3. What is the disadvantage of over using emoji?
4. Explain the origin of the word 'emoji'.
5. What are stickers?
6. How and when did emoji become popular?
7. What should be kept in mind while using emoticons?

4.b. Do as directed: (*Any Seven*)

(07)

Insert suitable conjunctions:

- i. They do not smoke,do they play cards.
- ii. My shoes look greatare not very comfortable.

Join each pair of the following sentences by means of a suitable conjunction:

- iii. I like him. He is very sincere.
- iv. Raji went to the shop. Raji bought some vegetables.

Change the Degree without changing the meaning:

- v. India is the largest democracy in the world.
- vi. Very few Indian cities are as big as Chennai.

Fill in the blanks with the comparative or superlative form of the adjective given in the brackets.

- vii. The Statue of Unity isthan Statue of Liberty. (Tall)
- viii. This is the.....I can do. (Good)
